

	Hawai`i Island (Big Island), leeward side, 19 degrees N., south Kona mauka, 380m (1,250ft), about 1.6 km (1-mile) upslope from ocean. No record of a hurricane passing over island (yet!). Summer max rainfall - variable 900-1150mm (35-45"), perfect drainage, Nice sunsets!
Offline	
Post Number: 4	
jam99 ********* Jam99 ***********************************	Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,00:19 Al, Al, what a beauty! While the leave colours and patterns and very short petioles suggest it is a <i>Geonoma epetiolata</i> specimen, it is the leaf shape (rounded tips of the bifid leaf) that makes me uncertain. All photos of <i>Geonoma epetiolata</i> I have come across showed pointy tips. I don't have my Henderson <i>et al</i> with me right now, but here's a description provided by Michael Grayum, the curator of the Missouri Botanical Garden, who mentiones the leaf blades can be oblanceolate :
	Cooperational H E Moore Contes Herb 12:28 fig 2 1080 Stems solitary

Geonoma epetiolata H. E. Moore, Gentes Herb. 12: 28, fig. 2. 1980.--Stems solitary, ca. 0.5--2 m tall and 1 cm diam. Petioles beyond sheath ca. 0--3 cm. Lf.-blades simple and bifid, ca. 40--63 X 9.5--17.5 cm, narrowly obdeltate to oblanceolate, incised distally ca. 1/5--1/4 the total length, with ca. 32--40 primary lateral veins per side. Infls. infrafoliar, racemosely to subpaniculately branched; peduncle ca. 9--14 cm, with bract ca. 7.5--8.5 cm long, enclosed by prophyll and inserted near it; rachilla ca. 15--40 X 0.3--0.5 cm, ± densely pubescent with long, curled, brownish hairs (but ultimately glabrescent). Male fls. ca. 2.5--3.0 mm long. Female fls. ca. 3.0--3.5 mm long; staminodial tube crenate. Ripe frts. ca. 0.6--0.8 X 0.5 cm, finely striate, ellipsoid to subglobose, black. Wet forests, 300--900 m; Atl. slope V. Barva. Fl. 2, 4, 8--9. CR, cent. Pan. [Grayum et al. 5021, CR, MO.] The combination of solitary stems and infrafoliar, spicate infls. immediately distinguishes this rare sp. from all other Costa Rican congeners. As if that were not enough, living plants are conspicuous in having their lf.-blades handsomely mottled abaxially with purplish or reddish. Geonoma epetiolata is additionally distinctive in its obsolete petioles and relatively short peduncles. Because of its uniquely patterned foliage, Geonoma epetiolata has received some attention as a horticultural subject.

Thank you Michael and Al for posting those photos.

Cheers, Jan

	 > nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe > 48°19'N/18°06'E/231Alt. > warm/wet summers (except for the last one) 				
	> warm/wet summers (except for the last one) > cold/wet winters (except for the last one which was even colder)				
	> 10.5°C annual temp/586mm precip. pa/2102 sun hours pa				
	> palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits				
	Profile Contact				
Offline Post Number: 5					
PalmsZA	Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,01:02				
	Hi Guys				
	Lovely little palm, very much like a Pinanga sp.				
Group: Members Posts: 683 Joined: Apr. 2004	I have nothing to offer on this species culture but in Jams info. (thanks Jan) it grows upto 900m (-3000 feet)ASL. I think it may well be worth a try in a warm frost-free climate like mine.				
	Jan - keep searching!				
	Cheers				
	Dennis				
	Durban				
	South Africa				
	30 South				
	Lowest temp ever : 3c				
	Highest temp ever : 42c				
	Annual average 21.5c				
	Sub-tropical climate				
	Great palms all around				
Offline	Profile Contact				
Post Number: 6					
jam99 ***********	■ Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,02:03				
	Big D, yes, it grows in a premontane rain forest of Costa Rica. Check out this picture by Bill				
	Cheliak. Ain't it gorgeous? <i>Bloody</i> good looking!				

I

Group: Members Posts: 1223 Joined: Jun. 2003



Cheers, Jan

> nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe

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	> palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits			
Offline	Profile Contact			
Post Number: 7				
jam99 ********	Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,02:15			
and the second second	btw, <i>epetiolata</i> means "without petioles"			
Group: Members Posts: 1223 Joined: Jun. 2003	 > nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe > 48°19'N/18°06'E/231Alt. > warm/wet summers (except for the last one) > cold/wet winters (except for the last one which was even colder) > 10.5°C annual temp/586mm precip. pa/2102 sun hours pa > palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits 			
Offline	Profile Contact			
Post Number: 8				
Darold Petty	Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,04:15			
	I had 20 seeds in 2001. The seeds were fully ripe on the plants but none germinated back home in my greenhouse. The wild plants are truly as beautiful as the posted photos.			
Group: Members Posts: 67 Joined: Jun. 2004	San Francisco, California			
Offline	Profile Contact			
Post Number: 9				
jam99 ********	■ Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,04:58			
Group: Members Posts: 1223 Joined: Jun. 2003	Darold,			
	as some members of this board had a chance to find out, many members of the <i>Geonoma</i> genus are very tricky regarding germination and keeping small seedlings alive (Well, big J knows how to get round it).			
	AI,			
	I forwarded your photo to Dr. Grayum and he replied that			
	"Although the coloration of the leaves is very similar, I don't think it is G. epetiolata			

	First, as we've discussed, the leaf tips appear rounded, something I've never seen in any Geonoma. Second, the leaf shape is entirely wrong. The leaves of G. epetiolata are proportionately much longer and narrowerat least 3.5 to 4 times as long as broad."				
	Maybe big D wasn't far off saying "very much like a Pinanga sp."				
	Edited by jam99 on Feb. 01 2006,04:58				
	> nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe				
	> 48°19'N/18°06'E/231Alt.				
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	> palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits				
Offline	Profile Contact				
Post Number: 10					
stone jaguar ्	■ Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,07:04				
	Greetings:				
	An interesting exchange on a species that is of great interest to connoisseurs. Several clarifications may be in order.				
Group: Members Posts: 16 Joined: Oct. 2004	There is quite a bit of nonsense and legend published on the web by CRican eco- lodges and their ilk regarding the "history", distribution and current status of this palm. While still possible, I have not been able to verify any claims that it was ever cultivated in european glasshouses during the late nineteenth century, then "lost" (apparently until Moore's description in 1980, based on Robert Dressler's collection of the type material in the early '70s). It certainly tests the limits of credibility that such a showy small palm should have not been described in the early 1900's, if there was material, even lacking locality data, available to british botanists. As many know, it was common practice to publish binomials based on unicates from cultivation with questionable/no collection data				

The small populations of *Geonoma epetiolata* that occur in and adjacent to the *Zona Protectora* appear to be western outliers, and the main population appears to be scattered at lower middle elevations much further to the east.

With regards to its present conservation status - current CITES lists for Apps 1, 2 and 3: <u>http://www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.shtml</u> - no Geonoma, as far as I can see. Please be careful what you wish for, boys and girls!

This palm occurs in several private and national protected areas in both of its range states. I would consider it to be relatively common at two localities that I am familiar with, where it occurs in sympatry with several other palmlets of commercial interest (*Chamaedorea amabilis, C. sullivaniorum, C, correae,* etc.). Clearly, based on their relative abundance, these areas have not been visited by "enthusiasts", yet.

While I am extremely reluctant to contradict <u>any</u> statement made by Michael Grayum regarding regional flora, in my opinion, all these images are of *G. epetiolata*. These palmlets vary quite a bit, both from individual to individual, and in response to the light levels under which it is cultivated. Very tall specimens (>1.60 m), tend to have very narrow, triangular leaves, similar to some other dwarf, simple-leaf members of the genus (such as *G. divisa*).

I am aware of plants that are successfully grown in three Central American countries, Hawaii and Oz. Based on personal observation, seeds mature very late in the season and are subject to heavy predation by small rodents and weevils. Fruit colors fully on the infructs. quite some time before the seed is actually mature.

Anyone interested in photos of this palm in nature can pm me, thence post them here later. Can't be bothered with photobucket, I'm afraid.

Ciao,

SJ

Edited by stone jaguar on Feb. 01 2006,07:09

🔺 Profile Contact Offline Post Number: 11 jam99 Q Posted on: Feb. 01 2006,22:33 🔹 🗣 IGNORE EDIT "QUOTE" Dear Jay, you are right, the species is not included in any of the CITES appendices (foolish of me relying on an unverified source before checking it myself at cites.org). Group: Members Regarding the leaf shape, I am going to paraphrase (don't have the book w/me) Posts: 1223 Joined: Jun. 2003 Henderson et al. 1995: "... The apex strongly pointed...". If I remember correctly, this part of the description is in italics meaning the feature is characteristic for the species. Having written that, I am aware you have encountered many specimens in the wild and I consider your statement as valid.

Thank you for the additional info regarding the species' history and distribution.

BTW, Dr. Quesado provided me with his interesting paper:

Martén, S. & Quesada, M. Phenology, Sexual Expression, and Reproductive Success of the Rare Neotropical Palm *Geonoma epetiolata*. Biotropica 33[4], 596-605. 2000.

Those of you who are interested, PM me your e-mail address. I'll be happy to share it with you. Michael (Caleno), you may find it very interesting regarding your future plans we discussed last year.

Cheers, Jan

> nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe

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- > palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits...

Offline

♠ Profile Contact

Post Number: 12

chamfreak q

If you make a cow laugh, will milk come out its nose?



2006,03:17

Posted on: Feb. 02

Michael, Is that Geonoma for me



Group: Members Posts: 872 Joined: Jun. 2004 as some members of this board had a chance to find out, many members of the Geonoma genus are very tricky regarding germination and keeping small seedlings alive (Well, big J knows how to get round it).

...

.

EDIT

"QUOTE"

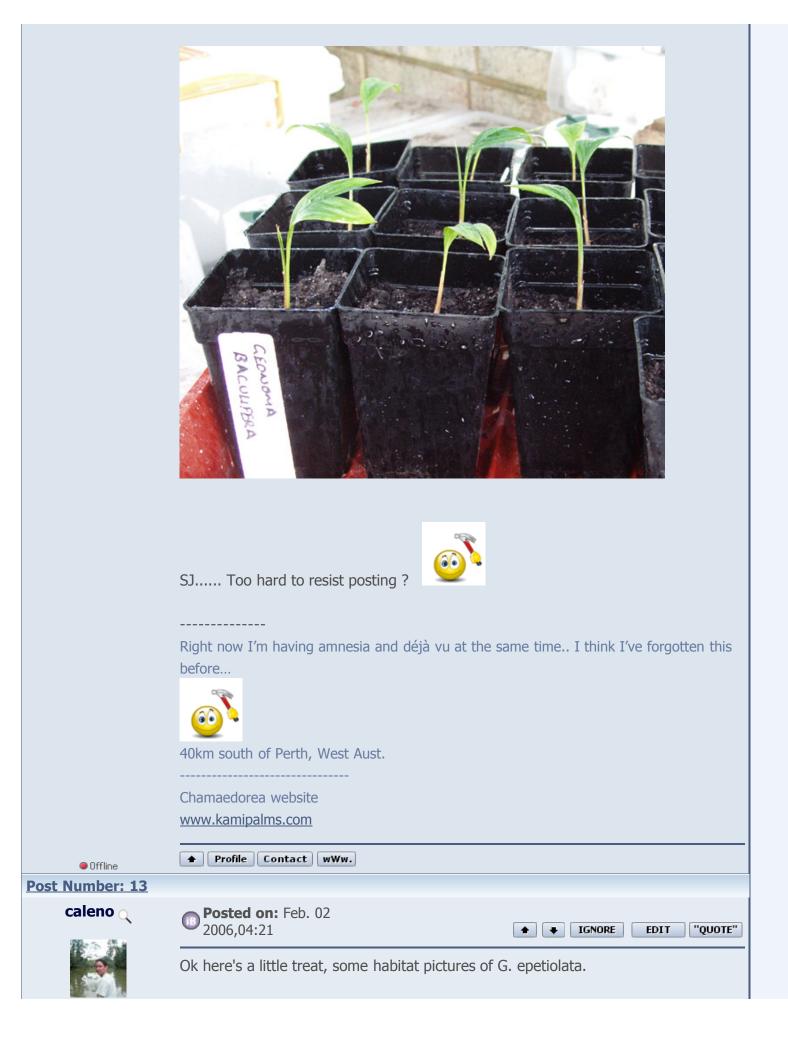
IGNORE

* +

Jan,

As you know, a few of us recieved some Geonoma seeds and not knowing who recieved what I will be a little discrete.

I recieved 3 Geonoma spp. One pictured below were the easiest to germinate and are proving easy to grow. Of the other 2 spp. I lost one spp. completly (seeds rotted) and the other spp. has not germinated at all. All 3 spp. are/were germinated in the same medium using the same germinating method.



Group: Members Posts: 86 Joined: May 2003 Thanks for the article Jam, I am in Costa Rica and had a chance to read Silvana's original thesis (though not the published version with Quesada). I also read another thesis by a Miami student. The basic problem with this palm is that it appears to be a very slow grower and reproducer in nature. It takes about 10 years in habitat to reach maturity and only about 3% of flowers actually mature into fruits. Of these fruits, only a small fraction with germinate in forest soil (insects, fungi, etc..). If you have an electronic version of the Biotropica paper, please forward it to me at caleno"AT"collectorseeds.com .

Stone Jaguar:

I also found a lot of nonsense about this palm on the web. One, that it was now extinct in Panama. I have heard from a couple people that this is not the case, although it seems to have been overcollected. One person I talked to told me he did not see any in Panama over 1m tall, whereas in Costa Rica I saw some with over 2.5meters of trunk!

Two: That 96% of the world's population is contained in this one private reserve in CR. I am not sure if the populations you mention oustide the "Zona Protectora" are in Costa Rica or Panama, but if it is the former, then what they are saying is innacurate.

Three: That it is CITES listed.

SJ: I was wondering if you have seen this palm in habitat in both Panama and Costa Rica; and if so, could you compare their conservation status.

I have been wondering whether it would be very difficult to hand pollinate this palm. Apparently each inflorescence only produces an average of 3 male flowers per day for several months, then it produces female flowers for three weeks. This means pollen collection in this palm is probably not easy, and to fully pollinate an inflorescence would take several weeks of monitoring and visiting them. The good news is they produce infructescences year round in the tropics.

SJ: Please email me habitat pictures to the address I posted above, I would love to add them to my palm habitat photogallery and link them to this message.

regards, Michael

?

Offline	Profile Contact WWw.				
Post Number: 14					
jam99 (**********	■ Posted on: Feb. 02 2006,04:37				
	Quote (caleno @ Feb. 02 2006,09:21)				
	If you have an electronic version of the Biotropica paper, please forward it to me at caleno"AT"collectorseeds.com				
Group: Members Posts: 1223 Joined: Jun. 2003	done. check your mailbox, Michael.				
	btw, thanks for those photos. it is a magnificent plant!				
	Edited by jam99 on Feb. 02 2006,04:39				
	> nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe				
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> palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits					
● Offline	Profile Contact				
Post Number: 15					
jam99 、 ********	Posted on: Feb. 02 2006,21:30 IGNORE EDIT "QUOTE"				
	Here are some photos of <i>G. epetiolata</i> in habitat kindly provided by Jay (stone jaguar). Personally I think they are breath taking. Enjoy.				
Group: Members Posts: 1223					
Joined: Jun. 2003					
	Cheers, Jan				

	> nitra/bratislava, slovakia, europe				
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	> cold/wet winters (except for the last one which was even colder)				
	> 10.5°C annual temp/586mm precip. pa/2102 sun hours pa				
	> palms don't grow here, still, I like to push the limits				
Offline	Profile Contact				
Post Number: 16					
Steve in Brookings	Posted on: Mar. 30 2006,21:01 IGNORE EDIT "QUOTE"				
	Quote (Al in Kona @ Feb. 01 2006,02:09)				
	Michael - Here's a nice Geonoma sp. growing in a private Hawaii Island garden. Could it be Geonoma epetiolata?				
Group: Members Posts: 268 Joined: Jan. 2003 I don't see what else it could be. The impression of rounded fronds might be an artifact of culture. What look like rounded lobes on the fronds are probably just pointed vertices that are pinched and rolled under as a result of tip dessication resulting from a more open exposure than what this kind of understory palm is adapted to. In essence, the frond blades never completely open at the tip.					
	Brookings, OR, just over the northern border from the Golden State. Cool temperate climate, 80" of rain a year with 60% of winters frost-free. USDA Zone 9b, Sunset Zone 17.				
	SMB				
Offline 🖉	Profile Contact				
Post Number: 17					
Jeff Searle \sub	Posted on: Jun. 15 2006,18:11				
	I have traveled to Costa Rica five times during the ninety's and on one trip, I made a two day trip to a remote lodge that took many hours to get to. It was on a trailer pulled by a slow moving tractor. This area had maybe eight to ten species of palms, but what made it unique was, the un-disturbed population of this beautiful				
Group: Members Posts: 120 Joined: Jun. 2006 Geonoma. These piutures are with out doubt, the true G. epetiolata. There` else that compares to this beautiful palm. When one has good fortune to be see this in habitat, it`s a memory that you don`t forget!					

	Searle Brothers Nursery & The Rainforest Collection		
Offline	Profile Contact		
16 replies since Jan.	31 2006,18:54	< Next Oldest	Next Newest >
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> <u>dypsisdean</u>			
IPS PalmTalk Are Geonoma epetiolat	<u>chive</u> » <u>Palmtalk</u> » <u>DISCUSSING</u> a	PALM TREES WORLDWIDE »	

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